Introduced by Assembly Member DeSaulnier

February 1, 2007

An act to amend Sections 501 and 506 of the Corporations Code, relating to corporations.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 251, as introduced, DeSaulnier. Corporations: distributions.

Existing law, the General Corporation Law, provides for the operation of a corporation, including distributions made to its shareholders. Under existing law, a corporation and its subsidiaries are prohibited from making a distribution if doing so would make the corporation or its subsidiary unable to meet liabilities as they mature. Existing law makes a shareholder who receives a prohibited distribution, with knowledge of its impropriety, liable to the corporation for the amount received, plus interest.

This bill would additionally prohibit a corporation and its subsidiaries from making a distribution if either has failed to make a payment under a defined benefit plan, as defined, owed by the corporation or subsidiary. The bill would also make a board member of the corporation who receives a distribution prohibited by this provision liable to the corporation for the amount received, plus interest, regardless of whether he or she had knowledge of its impropriety.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 501 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:

- 501. (a) Neither a corporation nor any of its subsidiaries shall make any a distribution to the corporation's shareholders (Section 166), as defined in Section 166, if the corporation or the subsidiary making the distribution is, or as a result thereof would be, likely to be unable to meet its liabilities (except those whose payment is otherwise adequately provided for) as they mature.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither a corporation nor any of its subsidiaries shall make a distribution to the corporation's shareholders, as defined in Section 166, if the corporation or the subsidiary making the distribution has failed to make a payment under a defined benefit plan, as defined by subsection (j) of Section 414 of Title 26 of the United States Code, owed by the corporation or the subsidiary.
- SEC. 2. Section 506 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:
- 506. (a) Any (1) A shareholder who receives any a distribution prohibited by this chapter with knowledge of facts indicating the impropriety thereof is liable to the corporation for the benefit of all of the creditors or shareholders entitled to institute an action under subdivision (b) for the amount so received by the shareholder with interest thereon at the legal rate on judgments until paid, but not exceeding the liabilities of the corporation owed to nonconsenting creditors at the time of the violation and the injury suffered by nonconsenting shareholders, as the case may be. For purposes of this chapter, in the event that any if a shareholder receives—any a distribution of the corporation's property that is prohibited by this chapter, the shareholder receiving that illegal distribution shall be liable to the corporation for an amount equal to the fair market value of the property at the time of the illegal distribution plus interest thereon from the date of the distribution at the legal rate on judgments until paid, together with all reasonably incurred costs of appraisal or other valuation, if any, of that property, but not exceeding the liabilities of the corporation owed to nonconsenting creditors at the time of the violation and the injury suffered by nonconsenting shareholders, as the case may be.

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(2) A board member of the corporation who receives a distribution in violation of subdivision (b) of Section 501 with or without knowledge of facts indicating its impropriety is subject to the same liability as imposed on a shareholder who receives a distribution with knowledge of its impropriety, as described in paragraph (1).

- (b) Suit may be brought in the name of the corporation to enforce the liability (1) to creditors arising under subdivision (a) for a violation of Section 500 or 501 against any or all shareholders liable by any one or more creditors of the corporation whose debts or claims arose prior to the time of the distribution to shareholders and who have not consented thereto, whether or not they have reduced their claims to judgment, or (2) to shareholders arising under subdivision (a) for a violation of Section 502 or 503 against any or all shareholders liable by any one or more holders of preferred shares outstanding at the time of the distribution who have not consented thereto, without regard to the provisions of Section 800.
- (c) Any-A shareholder sued under this section may implead all other shareholders liable under this section and may compel contribution, either in that action or in an independent action against shareholders not joined in that action.
- (d) Nothing contained in this section affects—any the liability which—any that a shareholder may have under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 3439) of Title 2 of Part 2 of Division 4 of the Civil Code.